

P - II (1+1+1) H / 20 (N)

2020

ECONOMICS (Honours)

Paper Code : IV - A & B

[New Syllabus]

Important Instructions for Multiple Choice Question (MCQ)

- Write Subject Name and Code, Registration number, Session and Roll number in the space provided on the Answer Script.

Example : Such as for Paper III-A (MCQ) and III-B (Descriptive).

Subject Code :

| | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|
| III | A | & | B |
|-----|---|---|---|

Subject Name :

- Candidates are required to attempt all questions (MCQ). Below each question, four alternatives are given [i.e. (A), (B), (C), (D)]. Only one of these alternatives is 'CORRECT' answer. The candidate has to write the Correct Alternative [i.e. (A)/(B)/(C)/(D)] against each Question No. in the Answer Script.

Example — If alternative A of 1 is correct, then write :

1. — A

- There is no negative marking for wrong answer.

মাল্টিপল চয়েস প্রশ্নের (MCQ) জন্য জরুরী নির্দেশাবলী

- উত্তরপত্রে নির্দেশিত স্থানে বিষয়ের (Subject) নাম এবং কোড, রেজিস্ট্রেশন নম্বর, সেশন এবং রোল নম্বর লিখতে হবে।

উদাহরণ — যেমন Paper III-A (MCQ) এবং III-B (Descriptive)।

Subject Code :

| | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|
| III | A | & | B |
|-----|---|---|---|

Subject Name :

- পরীক্ষার্থীদের সবগুলি প্রশ্নের (MCQ) উত্তর দিতে হবে। প্রতিটি প্রশ্নে চারটি করে সম্ভাব্য উত্তর, যথাক্রমে (A), (B), (C) এবং (D) করে দেওয়া আছে। পরীক্ষার্থীকে তার উত্তরের স্বপক্ষে (A)/(B)/(C)/(D) সঠিক বিকল্পটিকে প্রশ্ন নম্বর উল্লেখসহ উত্তরপত্রে লিখতে হবে।

উদাহরণ — যদি 1 নম্বর প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তর A হয় তবে লিখতে হবে :

1. – A

- ভুল উত্তরের জন্য কোন নেগেটিভ মার্কিং নেই।

Paper Code : IV - A

Full Marks : 20

Time : Thirty Minutes

Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 2 marks.

1. De-industrialisation in India during the British rule refers to the situation of —
 - (A) Shifting of laborers from agriculture to industry
 - (B) Advent of new industries
 - (C) Mechanisation of industries
 - (D) Decline of handicraft

2. Permanent settlement was introduced in India in the year —
 - (A) 1791
 - (B) 1792
 - (C) 1793
 - (D) 1794

3. Colonial pattern of trade in India refers to —
 - (A) Export of agricultural goods
 - (B) Export of industrial goods
 - (C) Export of bullions
 - (D) Trade with colonies

4. What was the original aim of the East India Company?
 - (A) Trade
 - (B) Colonisation of parts of India
 - (C) Exploitation of raw materials
 - (D) To find a market for British manufactured goods

5. The first census in India was held in —
- (A) 1861
 - (B) 1871
 - (C) 1881
 - (D) 1891
6. Who was responsible for the supply of coins in India before Indolence?
- (A) Ministry of Commerce and industries
 - (B) Bankers' Association of India
 - (C) Ministry of Finance
 - (D) Reserve Bank of India (RBI)
7. Marketable surplus of agricultural product refers to —
- (A) The amount which a farmer produces in excess of his on-farm consumption
 - (B) The amount which is sold by a farmer in the market
 - (C) The amount which a farmer hoards
 - (D) The amount which a farmer sells in distress
8. Globalisation has posed major challenges for —
- (A) Rural poor
 - (B) Large producers
 - (C) Small producers
 - (D) None of the above

9. Inflow of foreign capital in India during the British rule was —
- (A) To fill the gap between existing capital and required capital for industrial development
 - (B) To earn sympathy of the Indian Nationalists
 - (c) To improve the economic condition of the people
 - (d) None of the above
10. Which agency is responsible for procurement, disbursement and storage of food grain produced in India?
- (A) Ministry of Agriculture
 - (B) NAFED
 - (C) TRIFED
 - (D) FCI
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2020

ECONOMICS (Honours)

Paper Code : IV - B

[New Syllabus]

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three Hours Thirty Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Section - I

Group - A

[Short Answer Type Question]

Answer any *two* questions.

10×2=20

1. Show how the composition of foreign trade changed due to commercialisation of agriculture during the British rule. 10
2. Explain the consequences of railway construction in India during the British period. 10
3. What were the consequences of decline of Indian handicrafts during the British rule? 10
4. What were the circumstances that led to the adoption of the policy of protection in 1921? 10

Group - B

[Essay Answer Type Questions]

Answer any *one* question.

20×1=20

5. Discuss in brief the development of currency system in British India.
6. Discuss the causes and consequences of the 'economic drain' from India that took place during the British India.

Section - II

Group - A

[Short Answer Type Questions]

Answer any *two* questions.

10×2=20

7. Write a short note on the 'exit policy' of the government of India in the post liberalisation period.
8. Explain different sources of Industrial finance in India.
9. Discuss the characteristics of new technology adopted in Indian agriculture during the planning period.
10. Analyse the causes for slowdown in industrial performance during mid-sixties in India.

Group - B

[Essay Answer Type Questions]

Answer any *one* question.

20×1=20

11. (a) Examine the importance of marketing of agricultural product in India.
(b) Identify the problems of agricultural marketing in India.
(c) Distinguish between marketable surplus and marketed surplus. 6+8+6
 12. Analyse the major changes in the sectoral composition of national income that have taken place in India during the plan period. 20
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